

From S. F.:
Nippon Maru, Feb. 27
For S. F.:
Wilhelmina, Feb. 26
From Vancouver:
Makura, Feb. 26
For Vancouver:
Zealandia, Feb. 25.

Honolulu Star-Bulletin

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LABOR RAIDERS ARE COMING AGAIN

ALASKA CANNERY AGENTS ARE BUSY

Steamship Yucatan Chartered for Trip to Hawaii at Once

CONTRACTORS WOULD SECURE HANDS HERE

Facing Dearth of Labor in Far North, Packers Prepare to Renew Local Campaign

Hawaii is facing another bitter war against labor raiders.

Planning another series of efforts to secure unskilled labor here, employing contractors of the coast have made arrangements to charter the big steamship Yucatan, to sail from San Francisco to Hawaii and load the vessel here with Filipinos and other immigrants in preparation for shipping them to the big Alaskan salmon canneries.

The troubles of two years ago seem likely to be repeated. Agents of the big Alaska Packers' Association, backed by its millions of dollars, are again on the still hunt for labor, and just as happened in 1911, they have turned to Hawaii as a source of supply.

News has been received here within the past few days, and confirmed by further information arriving this morning, that the Yucatan, chartered on behalf of the packers from the Alaska Steamship Company, is now being outfitted for an expedition similar to that of the steamship Senator in 1911. The Senator sailed in the spring of 1911 on a secret mission for Hawaii. Some days before her arrival, it was definitely ascertained that she had been chartered by labor contractors in the employ of the Alaska Packers' Association. For weeks before the Senator arrived here agents had been going about among the plantations and in and around Honolulu, signing up Filipinos, Portuguese, Spanish, Hawaiian and other laborers for a season's work at the Alaskan canneries around Bristol bay. The glowing promises held out by the agents induced a large number of men to quit work and come to town, where they were colonized while waiting to go aboard the Senator.

May Revive Bitter Fight.

The bitter fight between the Hawaiian planters and the agents stirred the entire territory. In the end the agents got away with a few hundred men, many of whom deserted when the Senator reached San Francisco and never went to the canneries. The territorial legislature then in session, rushed through laws making it illegal for unlicensed agents to solicit labor to leave the territory and putting other stringent restrictions on their activities. Some of the agents, white and otherwise, were promptly arrested and the power of the courts invoked. The cases dragged from court to court and even now one of the cases against Frank Craig, the chief agent of the raiders, has been postponed from month to month in the police court pending the disposition of a sort of test case in the upper courts.

Since the Senator left and the agents departed vowing vengeance on the planters for blocking their deep-laid plans, little has been heard of the labor raiders. Within the past few weeks the Alaska canneries, it appears, have been calling for more men. The cannery season opens shortly and there is a dearth of labor. The cannery fleet winters in Oakland creek and is now preparing for the first sailing north, early in March.

WOULD TAX WOMEN EMPLOYEES OF TERRITORY \$5 A YEAR

Hundreds of Women School Teachers Affected by Proposed Bill in House

Several hundred feminine school teachers and other women who are drawing down more or less municipal salaries from the territorial government will be required to turn back about \$5 a year into the treasury in the form of personal poll and school taxes, if the measure contemplated by two members of the lower house should eventually become law.

The measure, which has not yet been introduced, would place feminine employees of the territory in the same category with men, making them subject to the same tax regulations. Its originators, said to be two members from Maui and Hawaii, are not certain whether the bill would be strictly constitutional or would conflict with present statutes, and it is understood they will seek the advice

HAWAII'S NEXT GOVERNOR MUST FOOT OWN BILLS

By C. S. ALBERT

(Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—Whoever is governor of Hawaii after June 29, 1913, must dig down in his trouser's pocket and pay his own traveling expenses. The Democrats of the house put up an awful roar when they saw this item. They refused to accept it. After a long and tedious wrangle concerning the matter by the conference committee those representing the senate receded and the recklessly extravagant allowance was eliminated. The Democrats were so near-sighted that they did not realize their own man would be benefited by the \$500.

CARRYING 'OPIUM' THEY WALK INTO SLEUTHS' ARMS

Walking down the gangplank of the Korea last night about half past seven o'clock with four pounds of opium concealed about his person, G. F. Madison, quartermaster of the vessel, fell into the hands of U. S. Collector of Customs Stackable's men, again demonstrating the futility of attempting to smuggle the hop into Honolulu. Hair an hour later, Irwin Berg, butcher on the Korea, not suspecting that his partner in the illicit trade, had been taken, made his appearance with eight pounds of the drug and was likewise taken into custody. Night inspector Mitchell made the arrests. The opium was found cleverly wrapped in silk skins and tied about the arms and legs of the two men. The opium carried by Madison filled two such bags. While Berg was found to have no less than five bags in his possession. It is understood that neither of the two have as yet made any statement. Their bond was fixed at \$1,000 in the U. S. district court this morning. Early yesterday afternoon the customs inspectors were advised of the probable attempts at smuggling of the opium, and the two arrests were the direct result of their surveillance.

Mrs. George Hobart, a prominent society woman of Massachusetts, and her brother-in-law, Myron Hobart, were shot to death in the Hobart home at Baintree, Mass.

A woman 105 years old and a man 86 years old have presented their "case" before the Los Angeles court, demanding the right to wed. There is a considerable estate involved.

BITING COLD OF ANTARCTIC CLAIMS FRESH VICTIMS FOR CAUSE OF SCIENCE

EARLY FRANCHISE BILL BOBS UP IN SENATE

Passed Second Reading

S. B. No. 29—An act to repeal section 2587 of the revised laws of Hawaii. Referred to ways and means committee. Senator Brown.

S. B. No. 21—An act to repeal section 68 of the session laws of 1905, being an act defining fiduciary companies and regulating the same and requiring financial statements from them. Referred to ways and means committee. Senator Brown.

S. B. No. 35—An act to amend section 2207 of the revised laws of Hawaii, as amended by act 42 of the session laws of 1907. This is the bill reported in the Star-Bulletin yesterday, as raising the age of marriage and putting the ban on marriages of cousins. Referred to judiciary committee. Senator Baker.

S. B. No. 36—An act amending section 51 of act 39, for the session laws of 1905, relating to election of county officials. Referred to the judiciary committee. Senator Baker.

Passed First Reading

S. B. No. 39—An act amending sections one and two of act 128 of the session laws of 1911. Senator Baker.

S. B. No. 40—An act granting a franchise to John T. Baker, or a corporation organized by him, for the purpose of manufacturing gas for light and fuel in the city of Hilo. Senator Makekahu.

Fifth Day

What promises to prove not a little trouble in the solemn halls of the upper house of the legislature came to the front this morning just before the senate adjourned until 2 o'clock after a session that did not last quite three quarters of an hour. Senator Makekahu of Hawaii introduced senate bill No. 40, an act granting a franchise to manufacture illuminating and fuel gas, to John T. Baker of Hilo, or his assigns, or a corporation formed by him or his partners.

The measure permits the granting of a franchise to Baker for fifty years, allows him to erect a plant, install pipes and mains, put in meters and at rates as he or his company may see fit. It does place a limit of three dollars and twenty-five cents per 1000 cubic feet, above which sum the corporation may not go, and it gives the board of supervisors the right to control the regulations under which the company may perform its services to the public. It exempts all the company property from taxation for ten years from the date of commencement of building. Another clause which provides that June 1 of each year the corporation shall pay over to the treasurer one per cent of the gross receipts.

COUNTY WEARIES OF SANITARY BURDEN

An attempt to get the legislature to return to the territorial fold the full responsibility for the board of health sanitary work is being made. It is said, by the Democratic Board of Supervisors. In short, the Bourbons of the Board want the legislature to take back the running of all the sanitary campaigns of the future.

As expressed by a member of the board this morning, the general feeling is that the county has the burden of paying for the corps of inspectors while the Territorial board of health has the right to direct the men. That the health authorities get what credit there is going and that the county official get the blame for anything that goes amiss.

The legislative committee of the supervisors is now at work upon a plan by which the present law, dividing the control and the paying of the sanitary inspectors and putting both in the hands of either the county or the territory as the legislature may see fit.

The feeling in the legislative body, it is the statement of a number of members from both sides of the two houses is that the territory will be willing to resume charge of the work done by the board of health, with the understanding that the revenues now paid over to the county because of its responsibility for the payment of the inspectors, go back into the coffers of the territory.

Dr. Cook Here To Establish Claim

Plans Further Explorations Soon



Dr. Frederick A. Cook, noted explorer and center of North Pole controversy, now in Honolulu.

Thinks Capt. Robert Scott's Tragic Death Due to Weakness from Long Hardship and Exposure

"It is quite true that there are no more Poles to be discovered, but there yet remains a vast amount of work to be accomplished in the discovery and exploration of immense areas in both the North and South Arctic regions," was a reflection coming from Dr. Frederick A. Cook, renowned Arctic explorer, who declares that he is waging a fight against great odds, with a view of establishing his claim to the discovery of the North Pole.

"With three millions of square miles of territory lying within the Arctic circle, of which we know practically nothing, and an additional five million square miles of land and water in the south now a blank on the existing charts of the world, there is much to do along the line of exploration," predicted Dr. Cook, who arrived on the Honolulu for the purpose of delivering

WASHINGTON WANTS HAWAII TO MARCH AT INAUGURAL

Territory Has Chance to Garner Laurels of Fame by Walking Section

By C. S. ALBERT

(Special Star-Bulletin Correspondence)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13.—A burning desire has been manifested by some people in this city to have a party of Hawaiians participate in the inaugural parade. The topic was taken up with the power that be and the bushes are now being beaten to find somebody from the territory who will step forward and either play a

VOCATIONAL TRAINING FOR HAWAII'S SCHOOL CHILDREN UP

Commissioners of Instruction Get Report and Receive Committee of Citizens

Seeking co-operation and advice with regard to the advisability of establishing an industrial and vocational guidance system in the public schools of the Territory, a committee composed of Emil A. Berndt, Edgar Wood, Vaughan MacCaughy, R. M. Cross and W. L. Howard, this morning conferred with the commissioners of education at their session held in the board rooms in the Library of Hawaii.

One of the first items of business taken up by the board this morning was the acceptance of a motion presented by Commissioner Aiken to the effect that the public schools of Honolulu hold special exercises in memory of the late Professor W. D. Alexander, who for thirteen years was connected with the board of education. The day set for the holding of these exercises is April 9, on which day Mr. Alexander would have been 80 years old. The next number of the Educational Review will contain a tribute to the late Mr. Alexander, and it was upon this tribute that the exercises will be based.

A report of the teachers' committee on the ease of Miss Daniels, a teacher on one of the other islands who has to go four miles in order to get to her school and who asked for an additional five dollars per month. The teachers' committee reported favorably upon the capacity of Miss Daniels as an instructor and recommended that she be given the additional money until such time when quarters would be provided for her nearer the school.

Report on Vocational Training.

An interesting report concerning vocational training was read by Commissioner Farrington, which was heartily received by the members of the board who were present. The report brought out the successful work which the schools are now carrying on in the way of manual training, domestic science, small farming and other trades.

Following the reading of the report by Commissioner Farrington, the committee on vocational guidance entered into the meeting. Emil A. Berndt stated that it was the wish of the committee to secure the co-operation and advice of the commissioners with regard to the furtherance of vocational guidance in the public schools of the Territory. Mr. Berndt then spoke at length of the necessity of preparing the pupils in the public schools, between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years, for the occupation which they intend to follow as a life work. He spoke of the necessity of making a detailed survey, with the

DR. MAWSON PARTY REPORTS ITS LOSS



Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, who will be one of the commanders of Uncle Sam's forces in case of intervention.

Lieutenant Ninnis, British, and Dr. Mois, Swiss, Freeze to Death

MAIN OBJECTS OF THE EXPEDITION ATTAINED

Brave Survivors Wintering in Camp at Adelie Island

(Associated Press Cable)

SYDNEY, Australia, Feb. 25.—Wireless dispatches to Tasmania and from there to this city by cable bring the latest news of the Mawson antarctic expedition, sent out by the Australian government, under the command of Doctor Douglas Mawson, on the steamer Aurora. The dispatches bring word of the death of Lieutenant Ninnis, of the British army, an officer of the Royal Fusiliers, and Doctor Mois. Both men were frozen to death in the biting cold of the antarctic. Six survivors, including Doctor Mawson, are spending the winter months in the camp built by themselves on the island of Adelie, where they erected a wireless station.

The expedition left Tasmania for the first time in December, 1911, to explore and name the unknown parts of the antarctic continent. The ship Aurora was given to the expedition by the Australian government and sailed with the members of the party, December 2.

The ship is commanded by Captain J. K. Davis. She landed two separate parties at two points in the antarctic regions, one under Dr. Mawson—January 19, 1912, and the other under Dr. Willis, a veteran of the Shackleton and Scott marches, February 19, the same year.

The Aurora found no trace of the Clarke coast, from which it is concluded that it was an ice barrier that has broken up since Dr. Clarke's discovery in 1838. The Aurora left the antarctic on February 21, 1912, and returned in the spring.

Some of the best-known British explorers are with the party, landed by the Aurora, which musters twenty-five men in all. The most advanced feature of the equipment is a monoplane, in charge of Lieutenant Watkins, who has taken part in a number of aviation feats. Speaking of the value of the aeroplane in exploration, Dr. Mawson said prior to the departure of the expedition:

"An aeroplane can fly over an ice crevasse or a ridge as easily as over anything else, whereas a party on foot might have to search a long time to find a pass, and an aeroplane can do a journey of 150 miles in three hours."

Lieutenant Ninnis of the Royal Fusiliers, who is an expert on surveying and sledging, and Dr. Mois, a Swiss who is an adept with skills, are included in the expedition. Australians and New Zealanders complete the complement.

SO. PACIFIC PLAN BLOWS UP

(Associated Press Cable)

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Julius Kruttschnitt, vice-president of the Southern Pacific railroad company, this morning declared that the plan for dissolution of the combine of the Southern and the Central and Union Pacific roads has fallen through. He says that the action of the California state railroad commissioners in refusing to permit the Central Pacific to sign a contract with the Southern Pacific for the exclusive use of the Benicia cut-off is the cause of the failure of the scheme.

HUERTA PLAYING TO ELDER DIAZ

(Associated Press Cable)

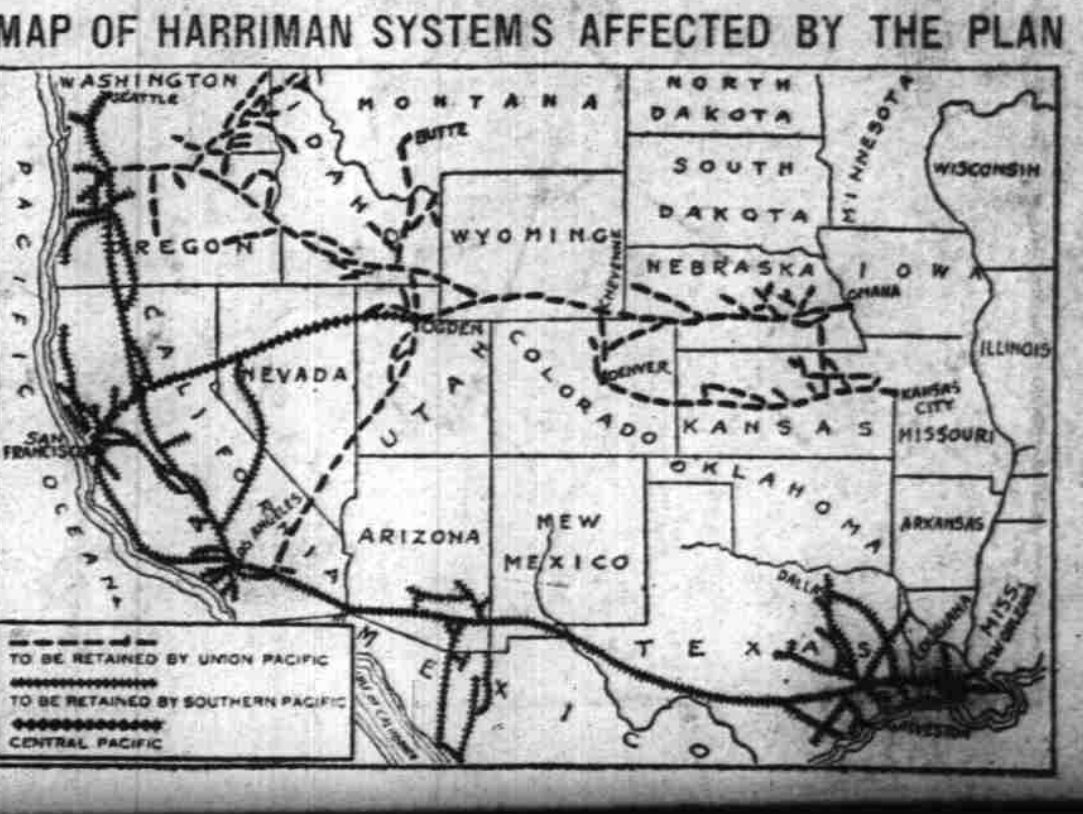
MEXICO CITY, Feb. 25.—Probably the most significant thing that has happened here since the murder of President Madero is the order issued today by provisional president Huerta, instructing the officials of the administration to restore the pictures of former Dictator Porfirio Diaz, uncle of General Felix Diaz to their places in the public buildings, from which they were taken with the assumption of control by Madero. The feeling here is that the elder Diaz will return to Mexico unless the foreign powers forbid, and that should he do so he will undoubtedly resume control, either directly or through his nephew.

HAWAII TROOPS WILL NOT GO TO MEXICO

If the United States intervenes in Mexico, there is no chance of the Hawaiian garrisons being called to the front. This is the opinion of high ranking army officers here, who are in a position to know whereof they speak. Hawaii is of such tremendous importance to the defense of the western coast in the event of a war with an Oriental power, that now that a still inadequate force has been sent here, it will not be withdrawn. Incidentally the impression prevails in local circles that intervention is inevitable and that it will mean nothing less than a war with Mexico which may drag on for years.

It has been figured out by tactical experts of the general staff in Washington that including the large force necessary to keep the lines of communication open, it will take an army of 300,000 men to invade Mexico and not only strike an effective blow, but follow up success. This means that a decision for armed intervention would have to be immediately followed by a call for volunteers, as it was decided by the attorney general of the United States at the time of the last Mexican scare that the organized militia could not be ordered beyond the borders of the United States. National guard organizations, then, would have to be mustered into the

(Continued on Page 3)



DANCE AT WAIKIKI INN TONIGHT

There will be a dance at the Waikiki Inn tonight, complimentary to the guests of the hotel. Visitors to the city and residents cordially invited.—advertisement.

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